

Problem Jan 29: Chinese New Year

Time limit: 4 seconds

Chinese New Year is in four days and Lina is already excited about all the festivities. She looks forward to eating dumplings on New Year's Eve and setting off fireworks to greet the new year. And of course, the money she gets in small red bags from her relatives is always a plus.

新年快樂

Happy Chinese New Year

Image by DGJ, pixabay.com

Her whole family is already busy with the preparations such as cleaning and decorating the house. Each year, they put up Chinese Spring Couplets next to their front door which will bring luck and prosperity next year. For the first time, it is Lina's job to write the couplets, and she takes it very seriously. However, Lina did not yet start her preparations and now she has to hurry up to finish before New Year's Eve. Instead of following the very strict rules in which order the strokes of a glyph have to be written, Lina decides to speed things up by bending the rules a little. She just wants to draw all the glyphs with as few strokes as possible without her parents noticing it.

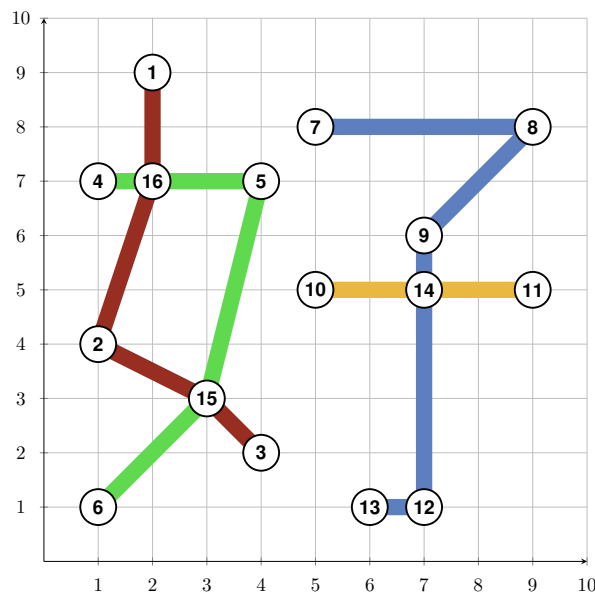


Figure Jan 29.1: Visualization of the second sample. Each colour represents one stroke.

But first, Lina needs to find out how to do this. More formally: given a drawing of a glyph as a set of segments, Lina wants to decompose it into some paths that can each be drawn without lifting the pen. Note that each segment should be drawn exactly once in the end so that no one will notice Lina's little trick.

Input

The input consists of:

- One line with two integers n and m ($4 \leq n \leq 10^5$, $5 \leq m \leq 3 \cdot 10^5$), the number of coordinates and the number of line segments in the drawing.
- n lines, each with two integers x and y ($0 \leq x, y \leq 10^9$), the i th line describes the position of the i th coordinate. All coordinates are distinct.
- m lines, each with two integers a and b ($1 \leq a, b \leq n$, $a \neq b$), describing that the a th and

b th coordinate are connected by a line segment. Two coordinates are connected by at most one line segment.

It is guaranteed that two lines segments only intersect in a coordinate they both start or end at. Further, it is guaranteed that each coordinate is incident to at least one line segment.

Output

First, output a single integer, the minimum number of strokes needed to recreate the drawing. For each stroke first output the number of coordinates that the stroke consists of, followed by the actual coordinates along the stroke. If there are multiple optimal solutions, you may output any one of them.

Sample Input 1

```
7 6
1 2
3 1
5 2
5 5
5 7
1 5
3 6
1 7
2 7
3 7
4 7
5 7
6 7
```

Sample Output 1

```
3
3
6 7 4
3
5 7 2
3
1 7 3
```

Sample Input 2

We have a truly marvellous second sample for this Problem, which this page is too narrow to contain. You can find the sample in the DOMjudge.